SGK GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE VINUKONDA, PALNADU DISTRICT



Report on Remedial Coaching

for the Course DBMS

Academic Year 2021-22

CONDUCTED BY

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

The program focused on aiding slow learners in "DataBase Management System," customizing the coaching to address the requirements of those who scored below 15 internal marks. Among the 40 students participating, Nine were identified as slow learners. Following the coaching sessions, Nine out of the Nine showed notable progress, obtaining a cumulative score surpassing 40 marks.

REGD.NO	NAME OF THE STUDENT	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	Total	Learner tal Classification	
Y203099060	ADDANKI MANI	10	60	70	70 Slow Learner	
Y203099061	ATCHYUTHA LAHARI MANI	24	35	59	Advanced Learner	
Y203099062	BANAVATHU EDUKONDALU NAIK	10	54	64	Slow Learner	
Y203099063	BOYALAPALLI JAKARAIAH	19	45	64	Medium Learner	
Y203099064	CHANDOLU SAVITRI KUMARI(HIN)	22	65	87	Advanced Learner	
Y203099065	INDLA CHERUVU SUMANJALI	16	60	76	Medium Learner	
Y203099066	JENNIPOGU ANITHA JOSHNA(HIN)	22	58	80	Advanced Learner	
Y203099067	KANCHARLA VEERANJANEYULU	16	54	70	Medium Learner	
Y203099068	KATAKAM DIVYA	17	58	75	Medium Learner	
Y203099069	KOMMURI ADILAKSHMI	19	57	76	Medium Learner	
Y203099070	KNVD MURTHY	17	42	59	Medium Learner	
Y203099071	KURRA VENKATA GOPI	10	А	А	Slow Learner	
Y203099072	MADDUKURI VENKATA KRISHNA	10	А	А	Slow Learner	
Y203099073	MVSS NAGALAKSHMI(HIN)	10	А	А	Slow Learner	
Y203099074	MALAPATI THIRUPATHIRAO	19	49	68	Medium Learner	
Y203099075	MALAPATI VEERANARYANA(HIN)	22	44	66	Advanced Learner	
Y203099076	NEELAM DIVYA YJOTHI(HIN)	22	63	85	Advanced Learner	
Y203099077	PALADUGU CHANDRA KALA	15	57	72	Medium Learner	
Y203099078	PAVULURI NAGA SEKHAR	13	54	67	Slow Learner	
Y203099079	PIDATHALA MAHESWARI	22	54	76	Advanced Learner	
Y203099080	R. MALLIKHARJUNARAO(HIN)	16	65	81	Medium Learner	
Y203099081	RAVULAPALLI YALLAMANDA	10	47	57	/ Slow Learner	
Y203099082	REDDYBOINA MAHESH	10	57	67	Slow Learner	
Y203099083	SAKI THIRUPATHAMMA	10	А	A	Slow Learner	
Y203099084	SATTEBOINA GOWTHAMI(HIN)	22	59	81	Advanced Learner	
Y203099085	SHAIK BAJI(HIN)	22	60	82	Advanced Learner	
Y203099086	SHAIK I KASIM SHAIDA	18	41	59	Medium Learner	
Y203099087	TIRUVAIPATI MALLIKARJUNA	15	58	73	Medium Learner	
Y203099088	TURIMELLA NAGESWARA RAO	10	65	75	Slow Learner	
Y203099089	YARRAGUNTLA AKHIL(HIN)	22	63	85	Advanced Learner	
Y203099090	ALLAM BAJI	23	61	84	Advanced Learner	

The following is the Classification of students into Slow Learners, Medium Learners and Advanced Learners.

1	1			1	1
Y203099091	BADINENI RAMAKRISHNA	20	60	80	Advanced Learner
	GALAM VEERA VENKATA				
Y203099092	SIVA MANIKANTA	23	52	75	Advanced Learner
Y203099093	GUMMA SRINIVAS	18	59	77	Medium Learner
Y203099094	KAGITHA CHARAN	17	45	62	Medium Learner
Y203099095	MONDITHOKA HOSANNA	21	62	83	Advanced Learner
Y203099096	MUVVA GURUNADHAM(HINDI)	23	66	89	Advanced Learner
Y203099097	PACHIPULUSU VENKATESH	10	57	67	Slow Learner
Y203099098	SARANGU VENKATA SAI KRISHNA RAO	14	55	69	Slow Learner
Y203099099	SURABHI ISSAK	11	60	71	Slow Learner

List of topics taught during remedial coaching:

S.No	Name of the	Brief Synopsis of the Topic			
	Торіс				
1	Introduction to DBMS	An introduction to Database Management Systems (DBMS), covering the definition, purpose, components, and advantages. Understanding DBMS's role in data organization, retrieval, and management is fundamental for anyone dealing with large datasets and complex data relationships, providing a structured approach to data handling.			
2	Relational Data Model	The relational data model is a fundamental concept in DBMS. This topic explains entities, attributes, relationships, and the principles of the relational model. It delves into keys, integrity constraints, and normalization techniques. Understanding this model is vital as it forms the basis for structuring databases efficiently, ensuring data accuracy and consistency.			
3	SQL and Query Optimization	SQL (Structured Query Language) is a powerful tool for managing relational databases. This topic covers SQL basics, querying, data manipulation, and optimization techniques. Efficient SQL usage is crucial for retrieving required data swiftly and optimizing queries, enhancing the performance of applications that interact with databases.			
4	Database Design and E-R Diagrams	Database design involves creating a blueprint that organizes data into tables and relationships. E-R (Entity-Relationship) diagrams are graphical representations of these relationships. This topic explores design principles, normalization, and E-R diagrams, ensuring that databases are structured optimally, reducing redundancy and maintaining			

		data consistency.
5	Transaction	Transactions are crucial for database consistency
	Management	reliability and preventing issues like data corruption, making databases robust and dependable.
6	Indexing and Data Retrieval	Indexing involves creating efficient data structures to speed up data retrieval operations. This topic explores indexing techniques, query optimization,
		and different algorithms for fast data retrieval. A solid grasp of indexing is essential for designing
		databases that can quickly retrieve data, improving overall system performance.
7	Database	Database Connectivity refers to how applications
	Connectivity and Security	connect and interact with databases. This topic covers APIs, drivers, and security mechanisms.
		Understanding secure connectivity and data
		protection measures, including access controls and encryption, is crucial to ensuring that sensitive data
		remains protected from unauthorized access, a
0	NT 1' .'	critical concern in modern database management.
ð	Normalization	Normalization is the process of minimizing
	Donormalization	and table of a database. Denormalization on the
	Denormalization	and table of a database. Denormalization, on the
		the number of joins This tonic covers
		normalization forms and denormalization
		techniques, aiding in designing databases that strike
		a balance between efficiency and relational
		organization.

9	Distributed	Distributed databases involve storing data across			
	Databases	multiple locations or on multiple servers. This topic			
		explores the concepts, advantages, and challenges			
		of distributed databases. Understanding this is vital			
		for applications dealing with vast amounts of data,			
		providing scalability and reliability while			
		optimizing data access and retrieval in a distributed			
		environment.			
10	Data	Data Warehousing involves storing and managing			
	Warehousing and	large volumes of data for analytics and reporting.			
	Big Data	Big Data refers to handling massive amounts of			
		data that traditional databases struggle to manage.			
		This topic covers the concepts, architectures, and			
		technologies involved in data warehousing and big			
		data management. Understanding these is crucial in			
		the era of data-driven decision-making and			
		analytics.			

Beneficiary Status of Slow Learners:

DECD NO	NAME OF THE STUDENT	INTERNA	EXTERNAL	TOTAL	LEARNER CLASSIFICATI	OUTCOM E OF REMEDIA L
KEGD.NO	NAME OF THE STUDENT	LMARKS	MAKKS	TOTAL	UN	CUACING
Y 20309906 0	ADDANKI MANI	10	60	70	Slow Learner	Benefitted
Y20309906						
2	BANAVATHU EDUKONDALU NAIK	10	54	64	Slow Learner	Benefitted
Y20309907						
8	PAVULURI NAGA SEKHAR	13	54	67	Slow Learner	Benefitted
Y20309908						
1	RAVULAPALLI YALLAMANDA	10	47	57	Slow Learner	Benefitted
Y20309908						
2	REDDYBOINA MAHESH	10	57	67	Slow Learner	Benefitted
Y20309908						
8	TURIMELLA NAGESWARA RAO	10	65	75	Slow Learner	Benefitted
Y20309909						
7	PACHIPULUSU VENKATESH	10	57	67	Slow Learner	Benefitted
Y20309909	SARANGU VENKATA SAI KRISHNA					
8	RAO	14	55	69	Slow Learner	Benefitted
Y20309909						
9	SURABHI ISSAK	11	60	71	Slow Learner	Benefitted